

Institutional Investment Profile

Morningstar Investment Services, Inc.

Institution Name

Tax Status

Taxable

Tax-Deferred

Tax-Exempt

Advisor Name

Date

Institutional Investment Profile

Financials

Asset Details

Initial Investment Amount \$

Total Investable Assets \$

Assets held outside of Morningstar Investment Services \$

Amount of the outside assets in cash/bonds \$

Time Horizon

1. What is the preferred time frame in which to begin withdrawing money from this account?

- Less than one year
- 1 to 2 years
- 3 to 4 years
- 5 to 7 years
- 8 to 10 years
- 11 years or more

2. Once withdrawals from this investment account begin, how long are the withdrawals expected to last?

- Planning to take a lump sum distribution
- 1 to 2 years
- 3 to 4 years
- 5 to 7 years
- 8 to 10 years
- 11 years or more

Risk Preferences

3. Which of the following portfolios is preferred for this account?

Long-term investors should be aware that their ability to purchase goods and services in the future might actually decline if a portfolio's returns are less than the inflation rate. However, long-term returns that significantly exceed the rate of inflation are often realized by assuming additional risk.

The preferred portfolio will most likely:

- Portfolio 1 Match long-term inflation with a low degree of risk.
- Portfolio 2 Exceed long-term inflation by a small margin with a moderate degree of risk.
- Portfolio 3 Exceed long-term inflation by a moderate margin with a high to moderate degree of risk.
- Portfolio 4 Exceed long-term inflation by a significant margin with a high degree of risk.

Risk Preferences Continued

4. Consider the stated goals for this account. Based on a hypothetical investment amount of \$100,000 and a time horizon of one year, which portfolio is preferable?

Portfolios with the highest average returns also tend to have the highest chance of short-term losses. The table provides the average returns of five hypothetical investments of \$100,000 and the probability of an ending value of less than \$100,000.

Probabilities After One Year

	Possible average value after one year	Probability of losing money after one year
<input type="radio"/> Portfolio A	\$106,000	22%
<input type="radio"/> Portfolio B	\$107,000	25%
<input type="radio"/> Portfolio C	\$108,000	28%
<input type="radio"/> Portfolio D	\$108,500	30%
<input type="radio"/> Portfolio E	\$109,000	32%

5. Which statement best describes the investment goals for this account?

Historically, investors who have received high long-term average returns have experienced greater fluctuations in the value of their portfolio and more frequent short-term losses than investors in more conservative investments.

- Protect the value of the account.** In order to minimize the chance for loss, I am willing to accept the lower long-term returns provided by conservative investments.
- Keep risk to a minimum** while trying to achieve slightly higher returns than the returns provided by investments that are more conservative.
- Balance** moderate levels of risk with moderate levels of returns.
- Maximize long-term investment returns.** I am willing to accept large and sometimes dramatic fluctuations in the value of my investments.

6. Assume that the institution holds a well-diversified portfolio worth \$100,000. There is a period of ten years before withdrawals must be made from it. Over a six-month period, it falls by 20%, consistent with a decline in the overall market. The portfolio is now worth \$80,000. How would you react?

- By **immediately changing** to options that are more conservative.
- By **waiting at least three months** before changing to options that are more conservative.
- By **waiting at least one year** before changing to options that are more conservative.
- The institution **would not change** the portfolio.

